



CHART SYMBOLOGY



## AIRPORT SYMBOL

- The bigger the better (larger symbol better equipped)
- IAP directions based on TRUE (just as WX FC), use LONG for reference

		EXCELLENT	GOOD	RESTRICTED	VERY LIMITED	NO DETAILS	MEDICAL
Airport Symbol	**			<b>(a)</b>	٥		
Airport List		XMPL 9 /5\ 21W 03 1 39 • 40 2 21 08 R 30 • 27 3 26	XMPL 9 /5\ 21W 03 1 39 • 40 2 21 08 R 30 • 27 3 26	XMPL 4!/5\ 21W 08 R 25 • 22 3 26	XMPL 4!/5\ 21W 08 C 20 • 17 V 26	XMPL 4!/5\ 21W	XMPL 9 /5\ 21W 03 1 27 • 28 2 21 08 R 30 • 27 3 26
Number of RWY	<del>}</del>	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 1	≥ 1	Not fitting other categories  Check your	
LDA	<u> </u>	2 ≥ 3.000 m and 2 ≥ 2.700 m	2 ≥ 2.700 m and 2 ≥ 2.400 m	2 ≥ 1.950 m	2 ≥ 1.500 m	documents for details	Suitable for medical diversion. Good hospital in vicinity. Only indicated for airports: • in remote areas • close to the routes of long-haul flights
Approaches	<u>*</u>	≥ 4 IAP ≥ 3 ILS ≥ 1 LOVIS	≥ 3 IAP ≥ 2 ILS	≥ 2 IAP	≥ 1 IAP		
Vacating RWY		TWY or Pad	TWY or Pad	not considered	not considered		Major airports in the US and Europe assumed to have appropriate facilities.  Always contact your
RFF		≥ 8	≥ 7	not considered	not considered		company for detailed advice with regards to a diversion.

APPROACH INDEX AND CODE							
	3D IAP	2D IAP RNP	2D IAP CONVENTIONAL	NO IAP FOR STRAIGHT-IN			
1 = CAT 1 2 = CAT 2 3 = CAT 3		R = GPS, RNAV, RNP	B = LOC BB L = LOC N = NDB V = VOR	C = Circling - = No IAP			





NAV INFO							
VOR	NDB	NAVAID WITH NAME	COMPULSORY WAYPOINT	NON COMPULSORY WAYPOINT	AIRWAY	NAT Tracks	PACOTS TRACKS
•\XMP	<b>⊙</b> —XMP	Example XMP  Name only given in areas, where navaid names are used by ATC.	▲ SAMPL	△ SAMPL	Only shown where relevant Skipped in EUR and NAM region	- < C < - - < D < - - < E < - • < E < arrows indicating direction of flight	<ul> <li>2/8&gt;</li> <li>&gt; 1 &gt; arrows indicating direction of flight</li> <li>2 / 8 indicating overlapping tracks</li> </ul>

## AIRSPACES

• PLANNINGCHARTS show COM areas rather than FIRs ("Know, to whom you are talking")

COM AREA	ATC SECTOR	OCEANIC Airspace	RESTRICTED AREA	DANGER AREA	IFBP REGION
		_NAT HLA_			- IFBP
<ul> <li>Sub-FIRs are shown as separate COM area</li> <li>Irrelevant FIRs are skipped (e.g. Nuuk FIR <fl195)< li=""> </fl195)<></li></ul>	Sector valid for a specific ATC frequency (if available)		Use special caution (e.g. Iran: Obtain military CL prior entry)	Area should not be entered (e.g. ICAO conflict zones)	See table on chart for procedure



ATC INFO								
	COM AREA UNITS	;	ATC FRQ				ENTRY CALL	FANS
STANDARD	OCEANIC	RADIO UNIT	STANDARD	SEVERAL FRQ	SECONDARY FRQ	HF FAMILIES		
Sample	Sample (OC)	Sample (R)	123.450	123.450 132.650	123.450 132.650	HF Sample 12345 9876 6543	5' Sample	<b>XMPL XMPL</b> 45'-15' A
ATC unit name     Related to COM area	Related to     Oceanic area	Radio Unit	Normal ATC FRQ     Related to COM sector (if available)	If FRQ given for different ALT: Top FRQ > high ATL Bottom FRQ > low ALT If no info provided - simply listed	GREY:     Secondary FRQ     Use when contact is lost on primary FRQ	• HF family box • Sorted according priority (if able)	Latest time for initial/entry call     Earliest time is skipped for better readability     If distance is given by state converted into time, using jet speed	FANS logon code BLACK code: mandatory GREY code: trial/ voluntary Time frame (e.g. 45-15 Min) Capability A - ADS C - CPDLC F - FMS-WPR

INFO TABLES						
OCA INFO TABLE	REGIONAL PROCEDURES					
Reykjavik OCA  BIRD ① 30-15' ② A / C / F ③  RCL 25-20' if unable voice CL by voice > 0'	Basic NAT Procedures  check/watch SELCAL continuously 121.500 after entry SLOP (0/1/2 NM right) if no ATC via VHF 123.450 30' after entry squawk 2000 if ETO change > 2' revise if no ADS-C					
1. FANS logon code 2. Time frames for a. Logon b. RCL c. CL via voice 3. Capability a. A - ADS-C b. C - CPDLC c. F - FMS-WPR 4. Further Info	Detailed procedures     Self-explanatory					

FURTHER INFO						
MGA	ABBREVIATIONS USED					
Calculation  • Highest elevation within Grid • Rounded to the next 100 ft • Adding an increment of • 1.000 ft up to 6.000 ft • 2.000 ft above 6.000 ft  Grid Dimension • Between 90°N and 70°N • 5° LAT / 10° LONG • Between 70°N and 65°S • 5° LAT / 5° LONG • Between 65°S and 80°S • 5° LAT / 10° LONG • Between 80°S and 90°S • 5° LAT / 20° LONG	ALT: Altitude APP: Approach CL: Clearance COM: Communication ELEV: Elevation of Airport FRQ: Frequency IAP: Instrument Approach Procedure IFBP: IATA Inflight Broadcasting Procedure LAT: Latitude LDA: Landing Distance Available LONG: Longitude LOVIS: Low Visibility Approach MGA: Minimum Grid Altitude NATS: North Atlantic Track System PACOTS: Pacific Ocean Track System RCL: Clearance Request RFF: Rescue and Firefighting Category RWY: Runway TWY: Taxiway VAR: Variation WX FC: Weather Forecast					